

Study of 3D nucleon structure at the J-PARC π 20 beamline

3D Hadron Structure from Next-Generation Scattering
Experiment and Lattice QCD

The 2023 Fall meeting of the Division of Nuclear Physics of
the American Physics Society and the Physical Society of Japan
(HAWAII2023)

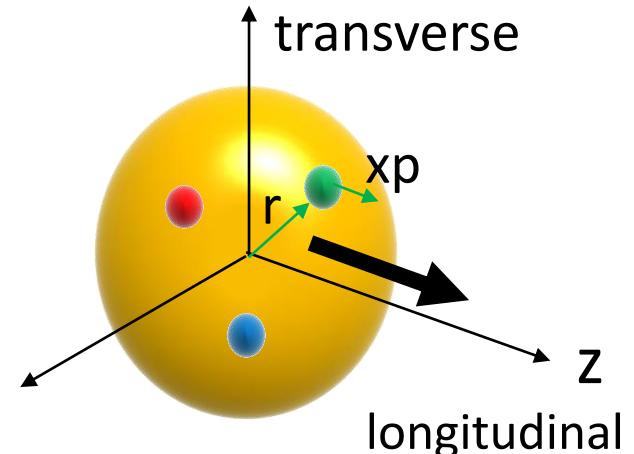
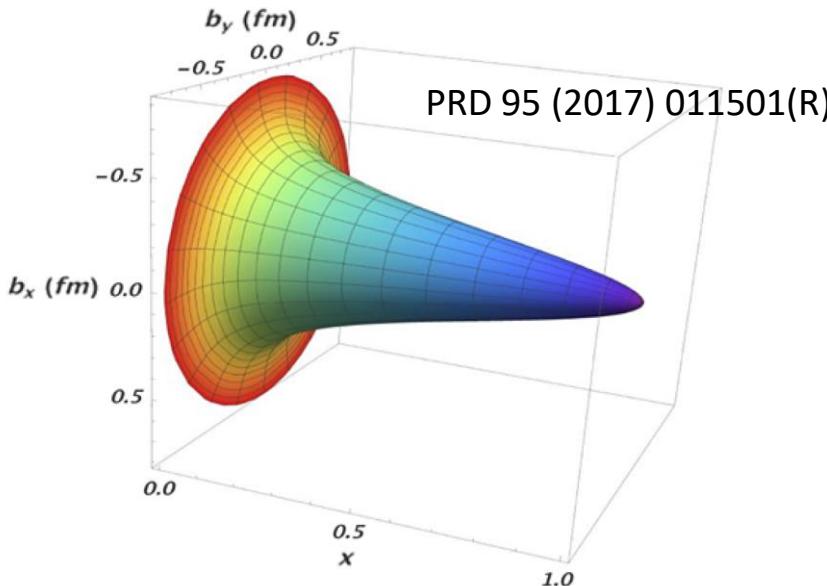
Hilton Waikoloa Village, Hawaii, the USA
2023/Nov/26-Dec/1

Natsuki TOMIDA
Kyoto University

Nucleon 3D structure

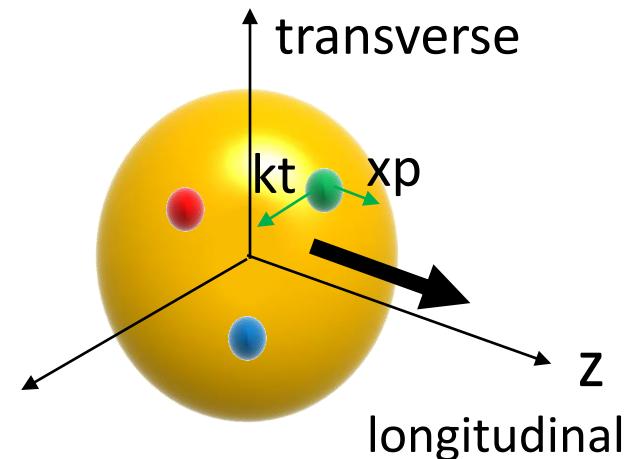
Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs)

- Transverse position & longitudinal momentum of partons



Transverse Momentum Dependent Parton Distributions (TMDs)

- Transverse momentum & longitudinal momentum of partons

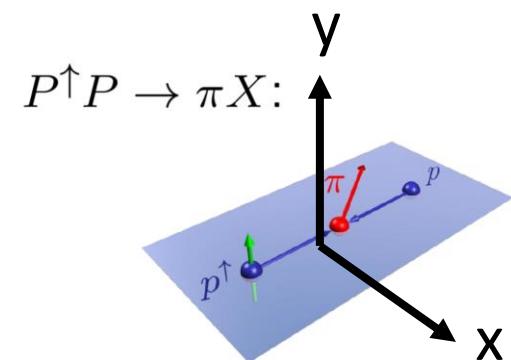
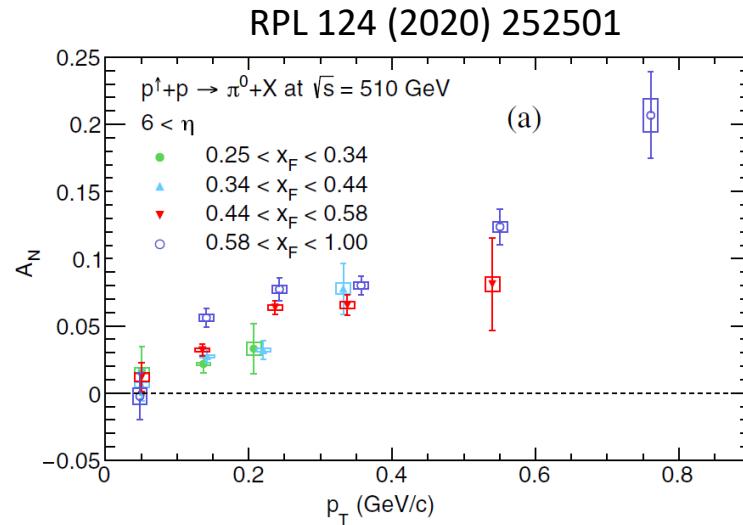


Transverse Momentum Dependent Parton Distributions (TMDs)

Spin asymmetry

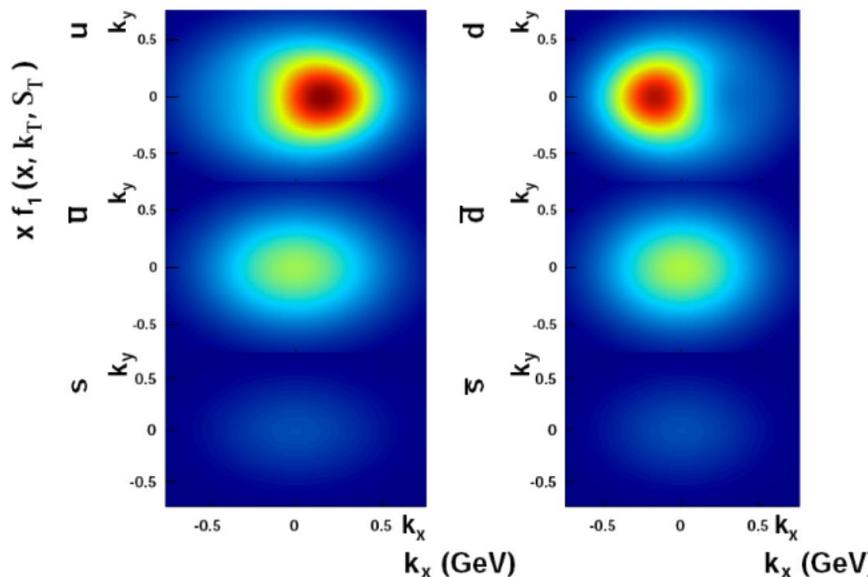
Single spin asymmetry

$$A_N = \frac{d\sigma_{\text{left}} - d\sigma_{\text{right}}}{d\sigma_{\text{left}} + d\sigma_{\text{right}}}$$



Transversely polarized

<https://www.int.washington.edu/PROGRAMS/17-3/>



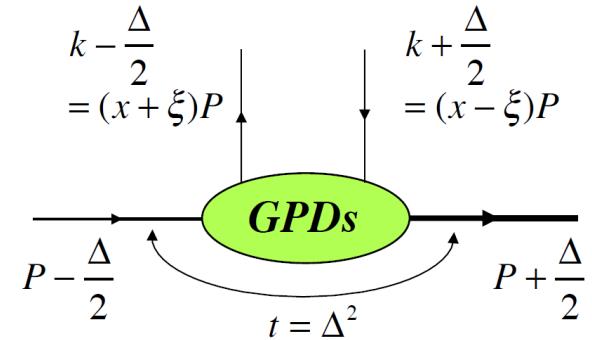
Asymmetric quark momentum distributions

Described with TMDs

Generalized Parton Distributions

$$\int \frac{dy^-}{4\pi} e^{ixp^+y^-} \langle p' | \bar{q}(-y/2) \gamma^+ q(y/2) | p \rangle_{y^+=\vec{y}_\perp=0} \\ = \frac{1}{2P^+} \bar{u}(p') \left[H^q(x, \xi, t) \gamma^+ + E^q(x, \xi, t) \frac{i\sigma^{+\alpha} \Delta_\alpha}{2m_N} \right] u(p),$$

$$\int \frac{dy^-}{4\pi} e^{ixp^+y^-} \langle p' | \bar{q}(-y/2) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 q(y/2) | p \rangle_{y^+=\vec{y}_\perp=0} \\ = \frac{1}{2P^+} \bar{u}(p') \left[\tilde{H}^q(x, \xi, t) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 + \tilde{E}^q(x, \xi, t) \frac{\gamma_5 \Delta^+}{2m_N} \right] u(p).$$



- GPDs**
- x : Bjorken variable
 - ξ : Skewness
 - t : Momentum transfer
- | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| average quark momentum fraction | transferred quark momentum fraction |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|



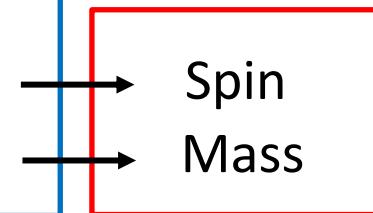
Forward limit : 1D Parton Distribution Functions

1st moments : Form Factor

2nd moments : Total Angular Momenta

Gravitational Form Factor

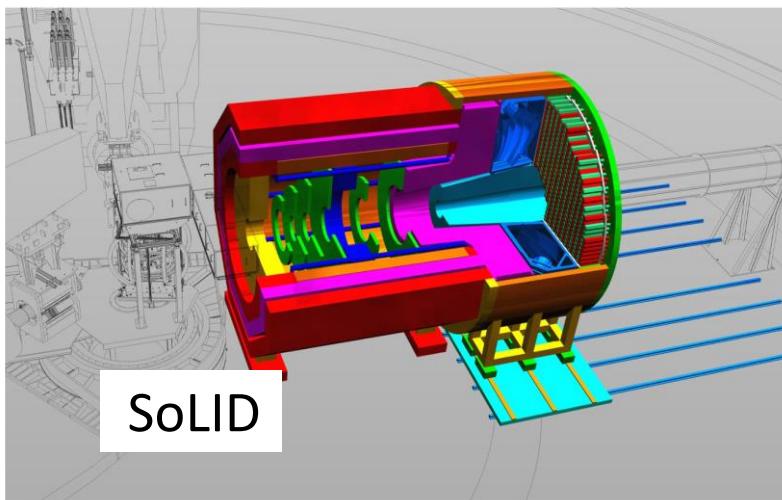
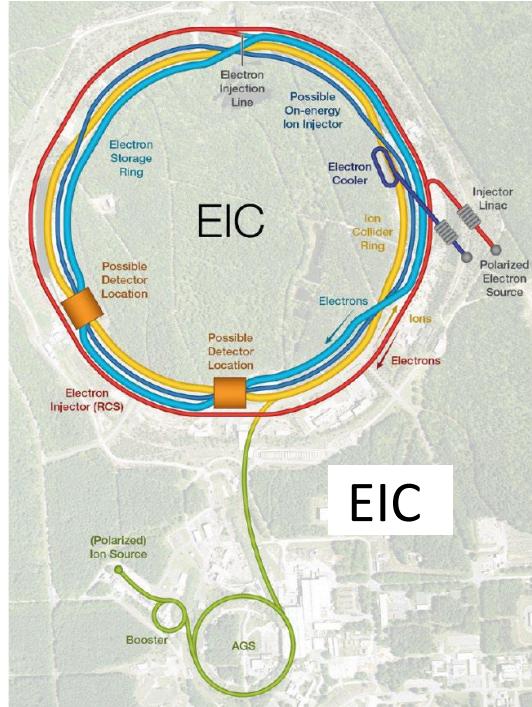
Origin of nucleon



Global analysis

Measurement in different reactions and in different kinematics is important

Future activities for probing 3D nucleon structure



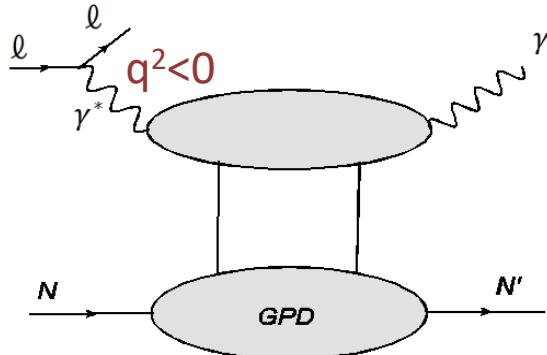
Reactions for GPDs measurements

Space-like

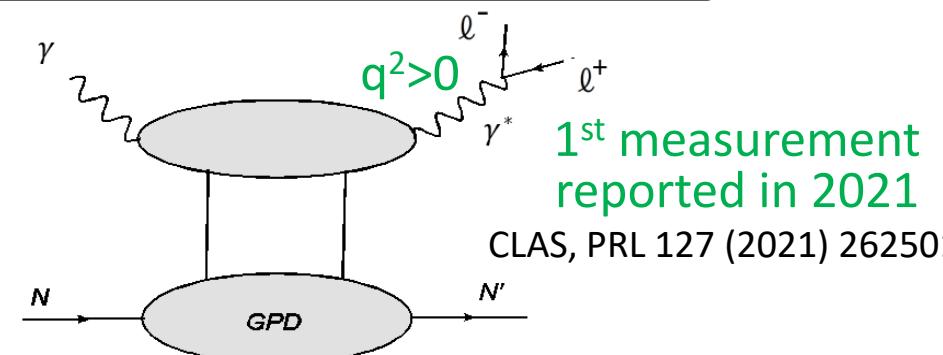
PRD 86 031502(R) (2012)

Time-like

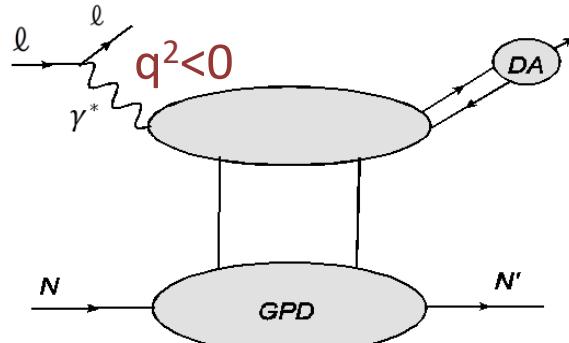
Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering (DVCS)



Time-like Compton Scattering (TCS)

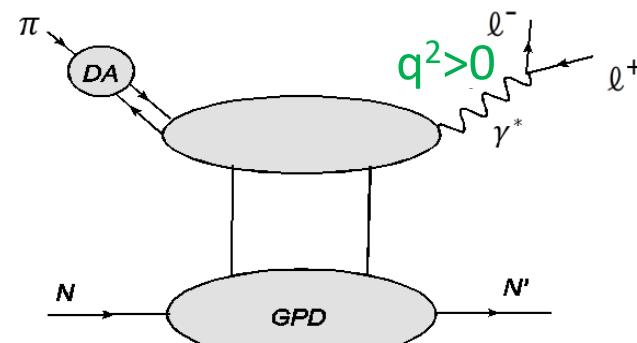


Deeply Virtual Meson Production (DVMP)



Factorization proved

Exclusive meson-induced DY



Not proved

First measurement of
exclusive DY at J-PARC



PHYSICAL REVIEW D 80, 074003 (2009)

Novel two-to-three hard hadronic processes and possible studies of generalized parton distributions at hadron facilities

S. Kumano,^{1,2} M. Strikman,³ and K. Sudoh^{1,4}

$$p + p \rightarrow p + \pi^+ + \Delta^0$$

$$p + p \rightarrow p + \pi^- + \Delta^{++}$$

$$p + p \rightarrow p + \pi^+ + n$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{NN \rightarrow N\pi B}}{dt dt'} = \int_{y_{\min}}^{y_{\max}} dy \frac{s}{16(2\pi)^2 m_N P_N} \sqrt{\frac{(ys - t - m_N^2)^2 - 4m_N^2 t}{(s - 2m_N^2)^2 - 4m_N^4}} \frac{d\sigma_{MN \rightarrow \pi N}(s' = ys, t')}{dt'} \sum_{\lambda_a, \lambda_e} \frac{1}{[\phi_M(z)]^2} |\mathcal{M}_{N \rightarrow B}|^2,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{\lambda_N, \lambda_{N'}} |\mathcal{M}_N^V|^2 &= I_N^2 \left[8(1 - \xi^2) [H(x, \xi, t)]^2 \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 16\xi^2 [H(x, \xi, t)] [E(x, \xi, t)] \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{t}{m_N^2} (1 + \xi)^2 [E(x, \xi, t)]^2 \right]. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{\lambda_N, \lambda_{N'}} |\mathcal{M}_N^A|^2 &= I_N^2 \left[8(1 - \xi^2) [\tilde{H}(x, \xi, t)]^2 \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 18\xi^2 [\tilde{H}(x, \xi, t)] [\tilde{E}(x, \xi, t)] \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{2t\xi^2}{m_N^2} [\tilde{E}(x, \xi, t)]^2 \right]. \end{aligned}$$

GPDs

- Novel idea to measure GPDs with hadron reactions

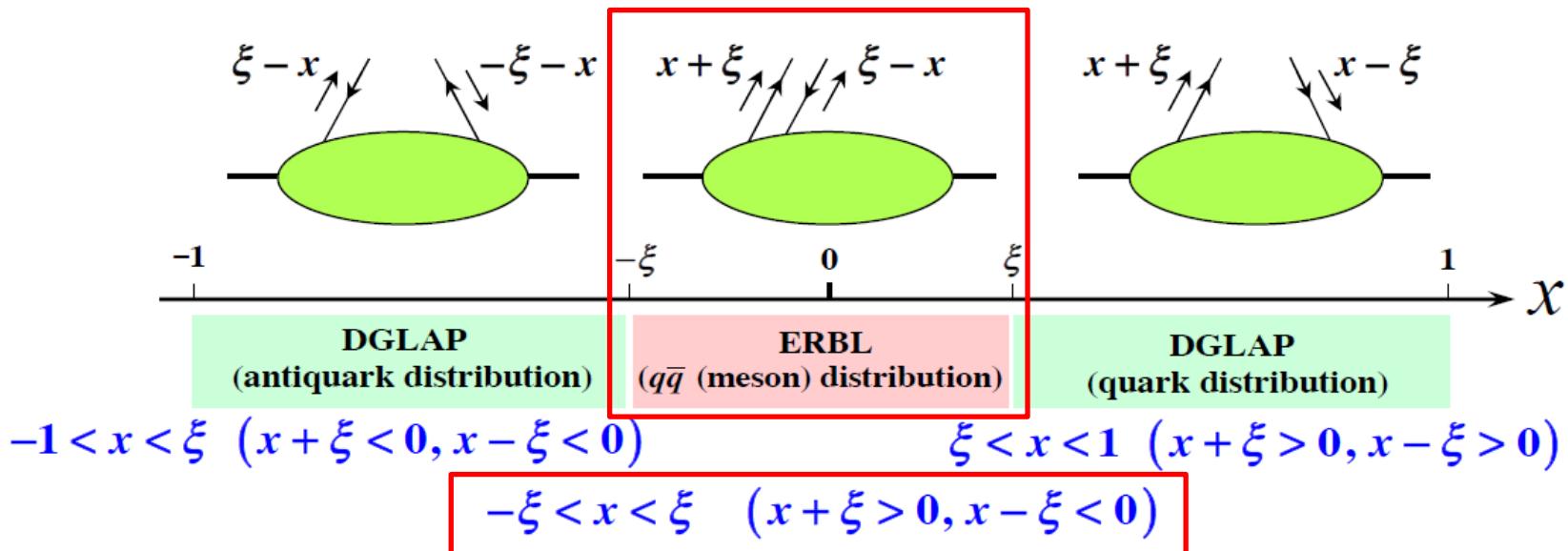
- Large cross section!



PHYSICAL REVIEW D 80, 074003 (2009)

Novel two-to-three hard hadronic processes and possible studies of generalized parton distributions at hadron facilities

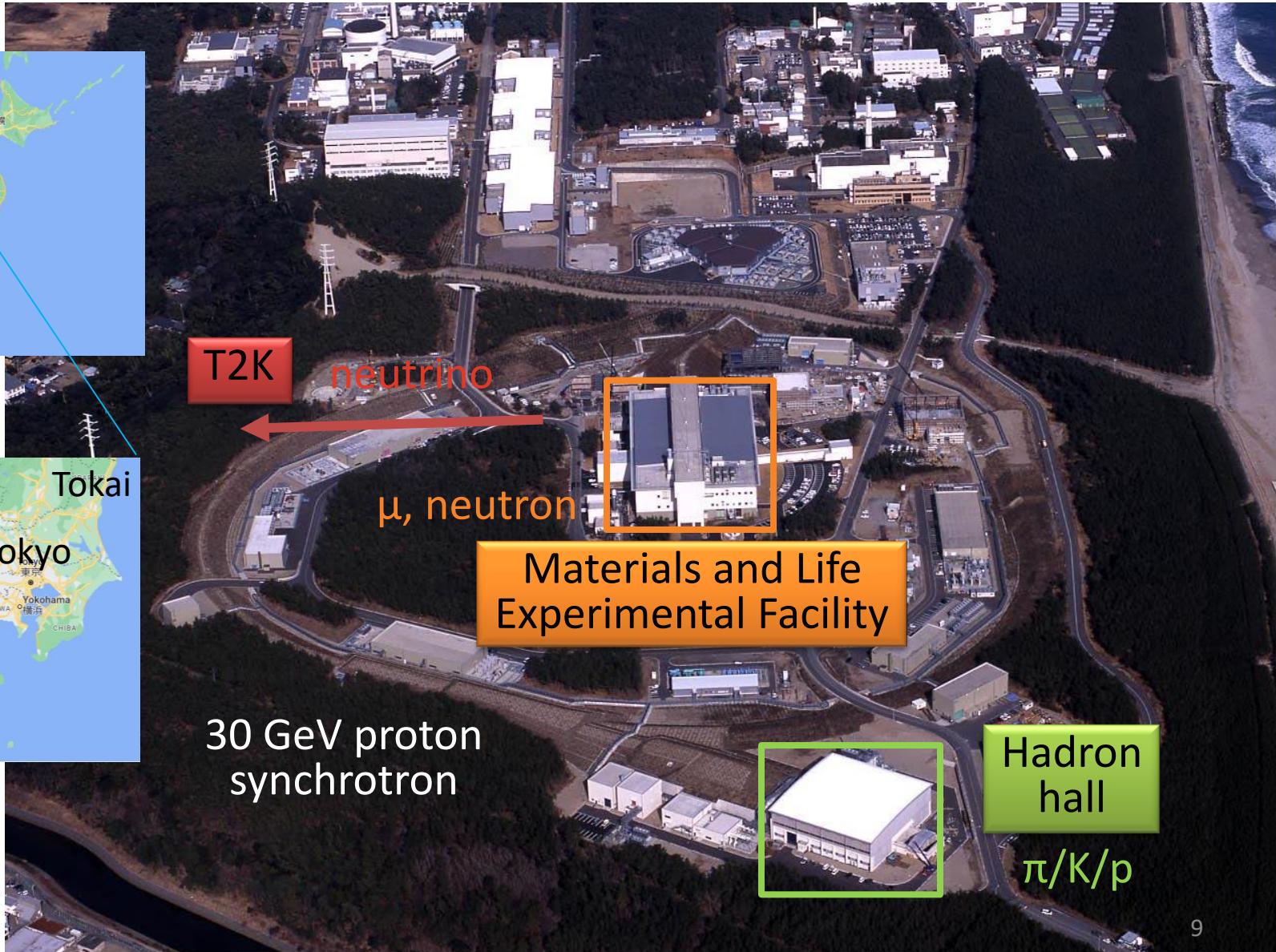
S. Kumano,^{1,2} M. Strikman,³ and K. Sudoh^{1,4}



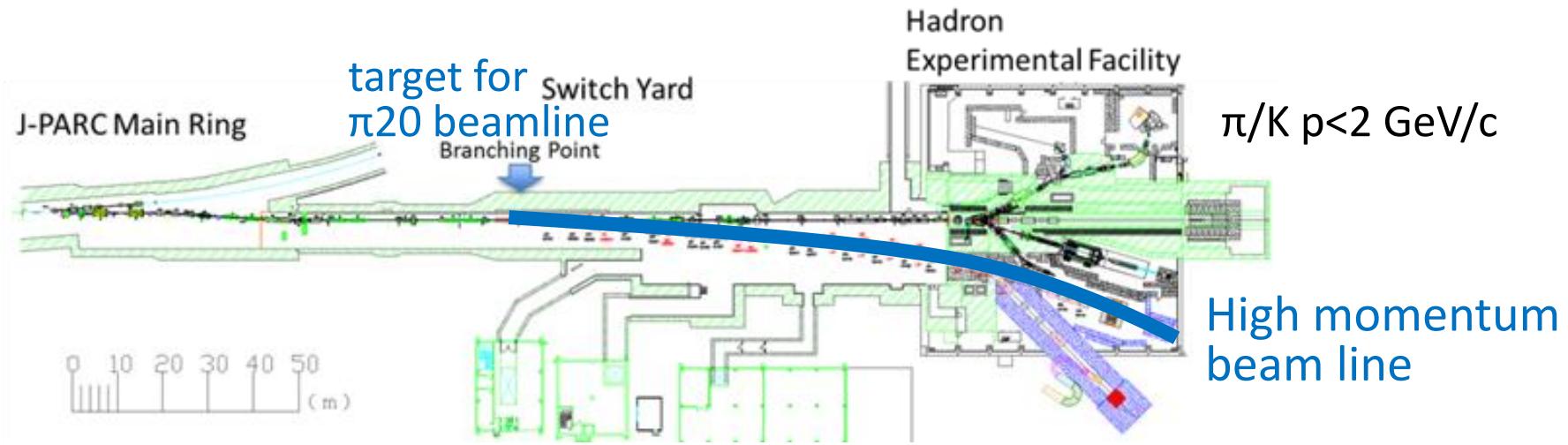
- Access to Efremov-Radyushkin-Brodsky-Lepage (ERBL) region which cannot be accessed with DIS reactions

J-PARC

Japan Proton Accelerator Research Complex (in Tokai)



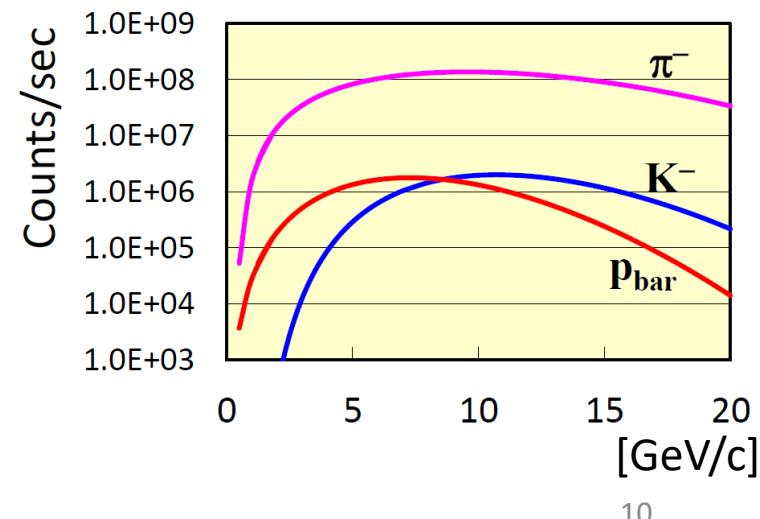
High momentum beam is now available at J-PARC !



- 2020- : primary proton beam (30 GeV)
- 202X- : positive/negative high momentum $\pi/K/p$ secondary beam **π20 beamline**



Experiments with middle-large Q^2 at J-PARC



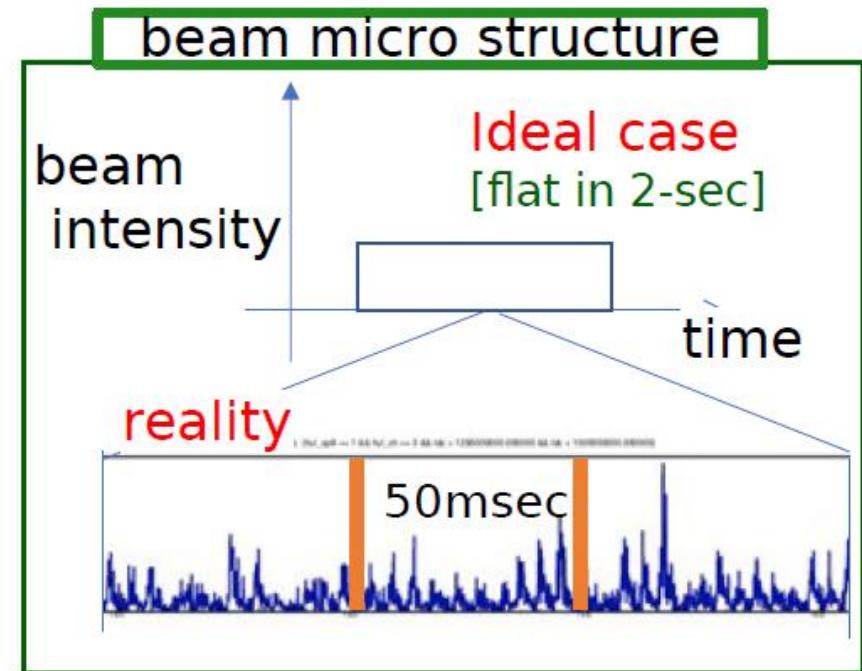
Experimental ideas at J-PARC

- **High intensity proton beam** (10^{10} protons/spill, 30 GeV, 2 s/5.2 s cycle)
- **Wide momentum secondary beam** ($\pi/K/p$, 2-20 GeV/c)
- Hadron beam at $p \sim O(10 \text{ GeV}/c)$ ⇒ **Not explored much**
 - large cross section in exclusive reactions
- Multi purpose spectrometer for π^+ beamline is under preparation

- 30 GeV proton beam
 - GPDs measurement with $p+p \rightarrow p+\pi+B$ reaction (μb)
 - Drell-Yan measurements (nb)
- Positive secondary beam (<20 GeV/c)
 - Color transparency search ($nb-pb$, depends on momentum)
- Negative secondary beam (<20 GeV/c)
 - π/K induced Drell-Yan (nb)
 - GPDs measurement with Exclusive Drell-Yan (pb)
 - GPDs measurements with $\pi^- + p \rightarrow n + \gamma + \gamma$ (pb)

30 GeV primary proton beam

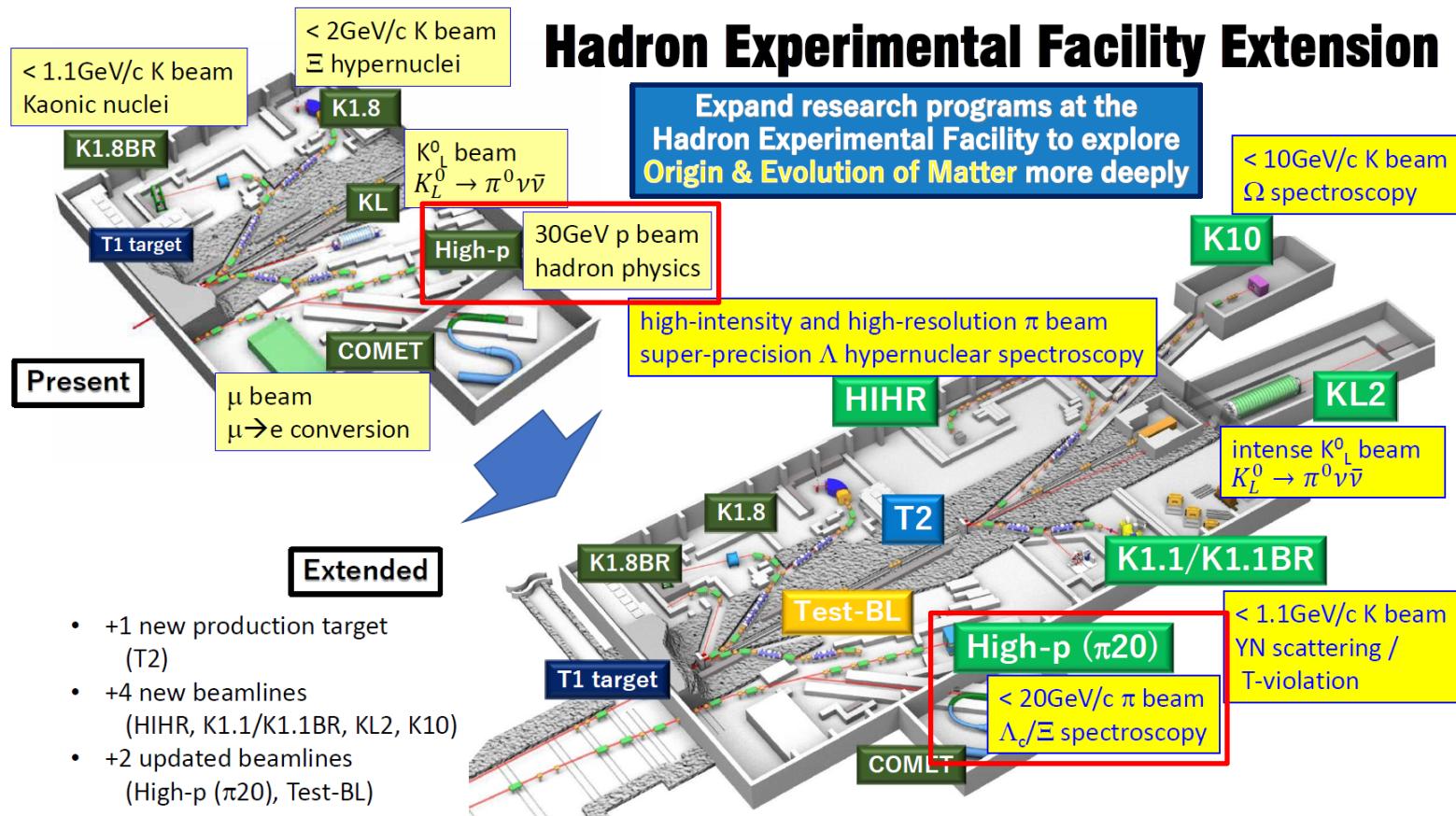
- 10^{10} /spill beam (designed value) is already delivered
- Problems in beam spill structure
- Physics run starts soon
 - E16 experiment (Φ meson in nucleus)
 - 2020,2021 : run0a-0c
 - 2022 : Main Ring upgrade
 - 2023 : Fire accidents, run0d



S. Yokkaichi, 3rd J-PARC HEF-ex WS

Secondary beam (π 20 beamline)

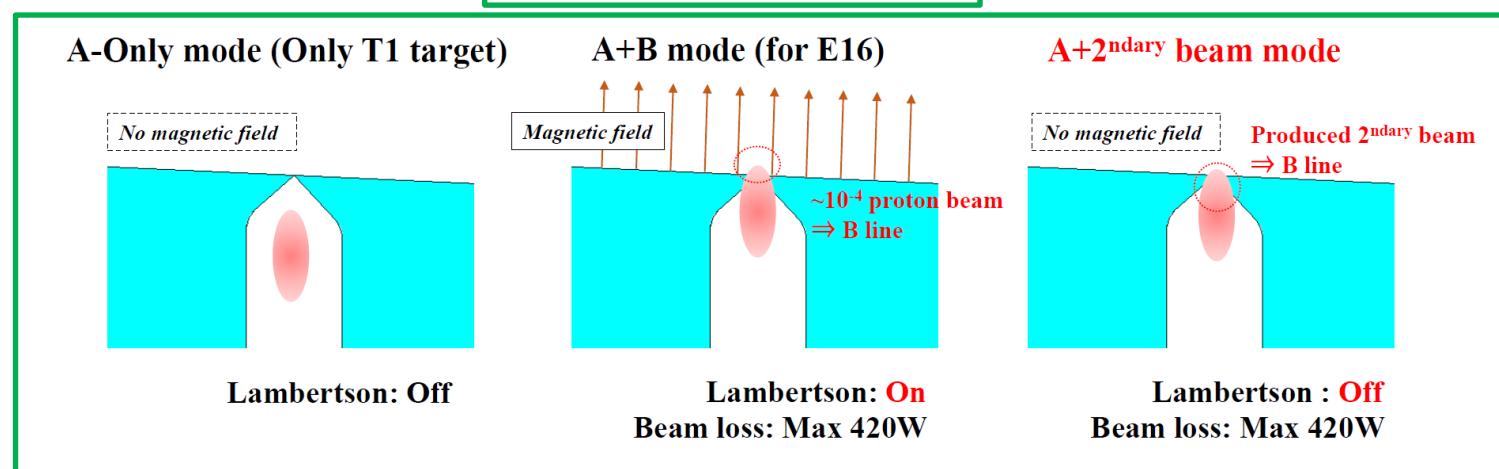
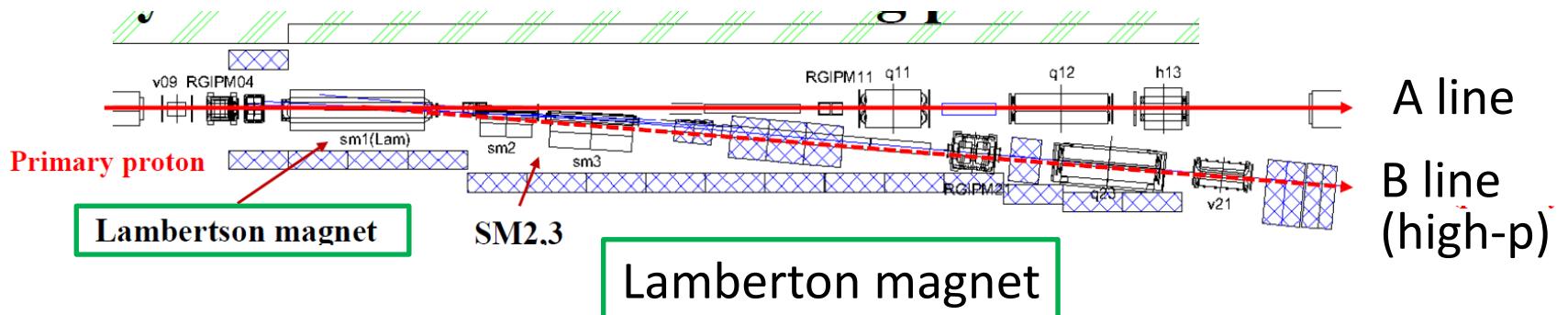
- Budget request within Hadron Hall extension plan
- Hadron Hall extension was selected as the top priority in the KEK mid-term plan (KEK-PIP2022-2027)
- However, previous PIP program is still leftover



Toward realization of the π^{20} beamline

P93 (Proposal for a test experiment to evaluate the performance of the secondary beam in the high-momentum beam line) (K. Shirotori)

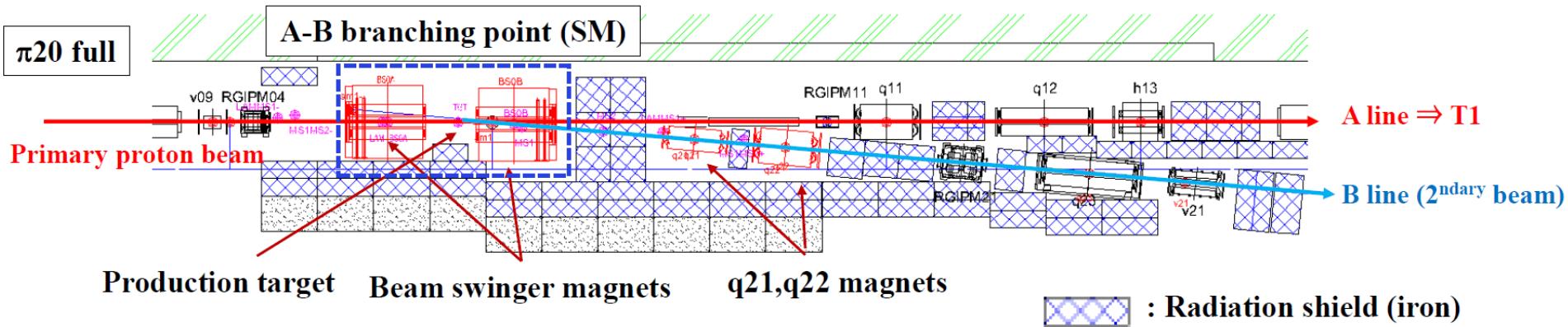
- **Phase 1 : Minimum modification of beam line : $\sim 10^5$ /spill**
 - Use the **Lamberton magnet** as a target for secondary beam
 - Polarity change device → negative beam



Toward realization of the π^{20} beamline

P93 (Proposal for a test experiment to evaluate the performance of the secondary beam in the high-momentum beam line) (K. Shirotori)

- Phase 2 : Installation of beam Swinger Magnet : 10^6 /spill
- Phase 3 : Full radiation shield : 10^7 /spill



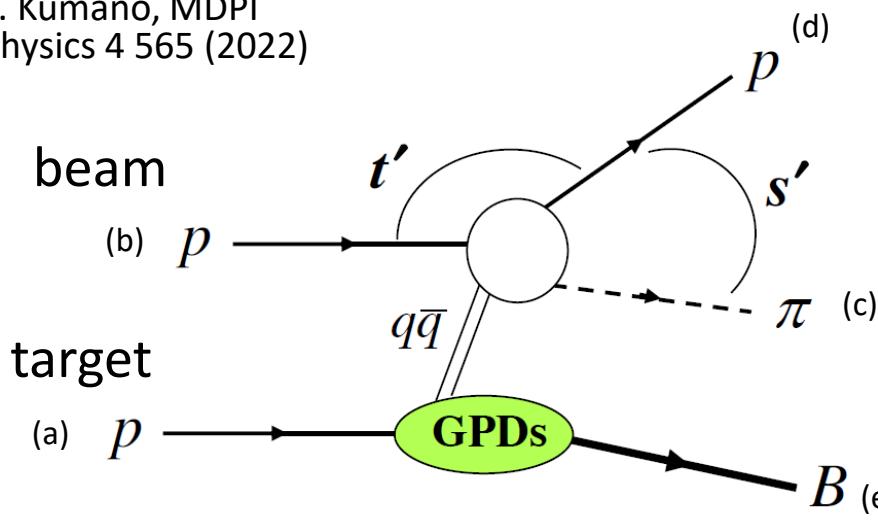
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 - GPDs measurements with $\pi^- + p \rightarrow n + \gamma + \gamma$

$p + p \rightarrow N + \pi + B$ reaction

S. Kumano, MDPI
Physics 4 565 (2022)



$$p + p \rightarrow p + \pi^+ + \Delta^0$$

$$p + p \rightarrow p + \pi^- + \Delta^{++}$$

$$p + p \rightarrow p + \pi^+ + n$$

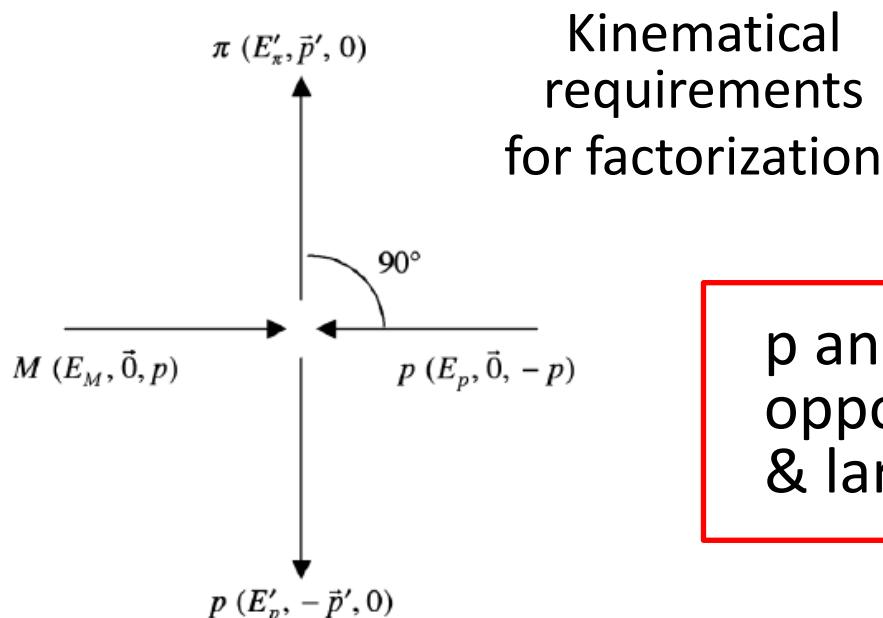
$$s = (p_a + p_b)^2,$$

$$s' = (p_c + p_d)^2,$$

$$t = (p_a - p_e)^2,$$

$$t' = (p_b - p_d)^2$$

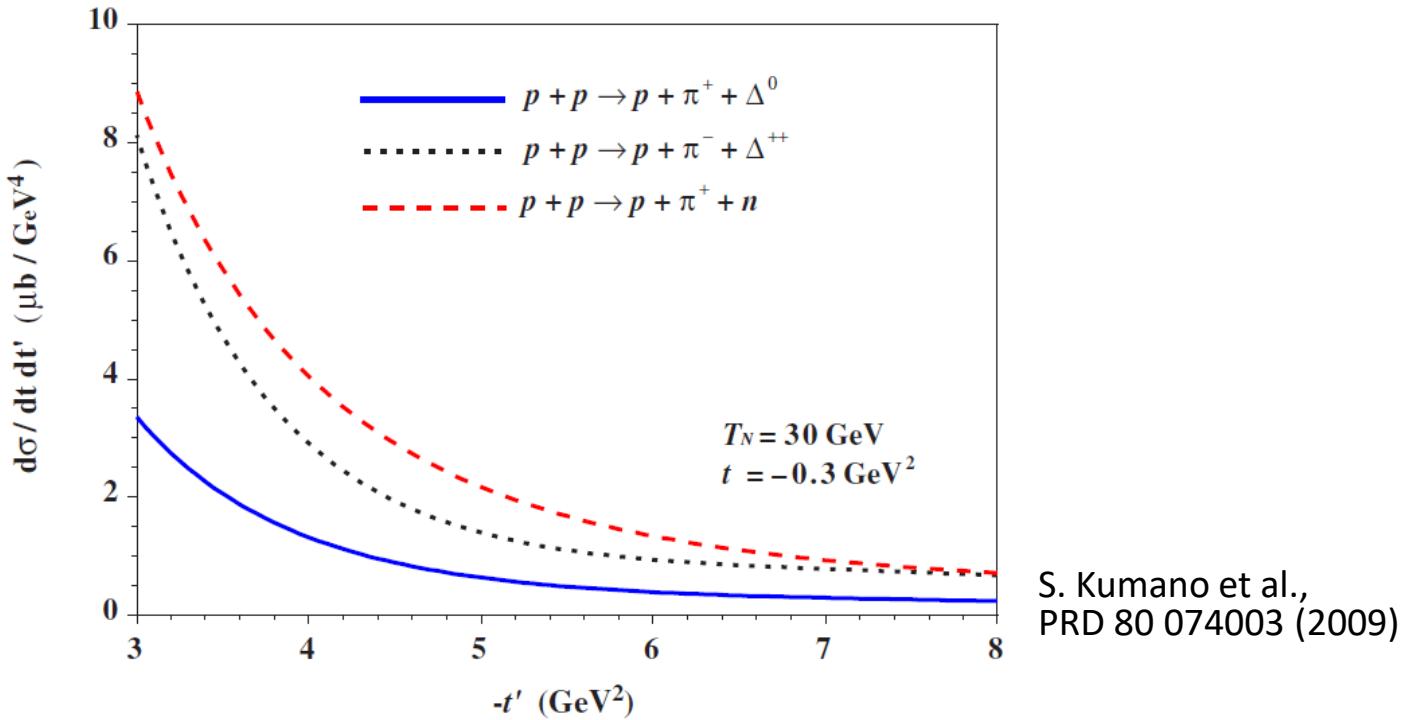
$$3 < -t' < 8 \text{ GeV}^2$$



$$|s'|, |t'|, |u'| \gg M_N^2, \quad |t| \ll M_N^2$$

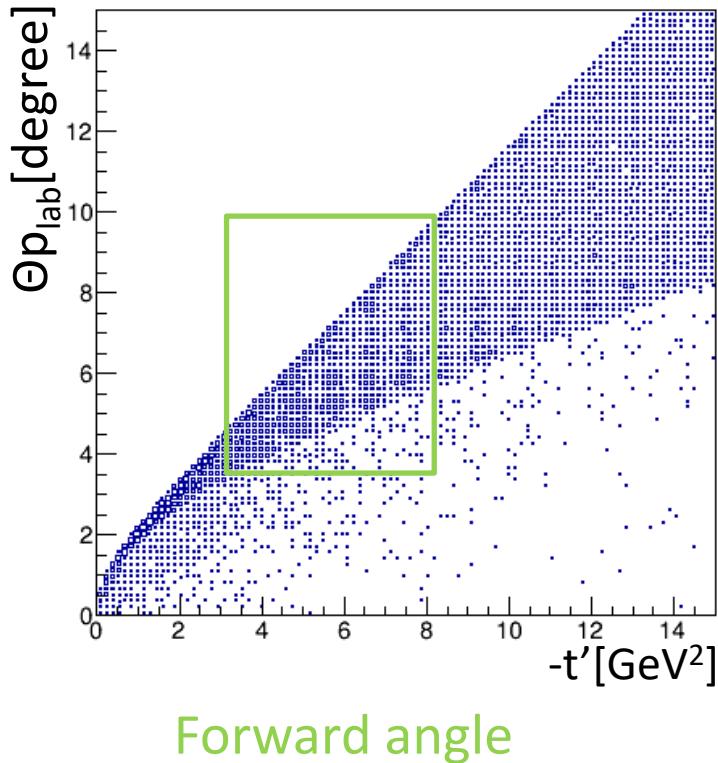
p and π : large and nearly opposite transverse momenta & large invariant energy

Expected cross section

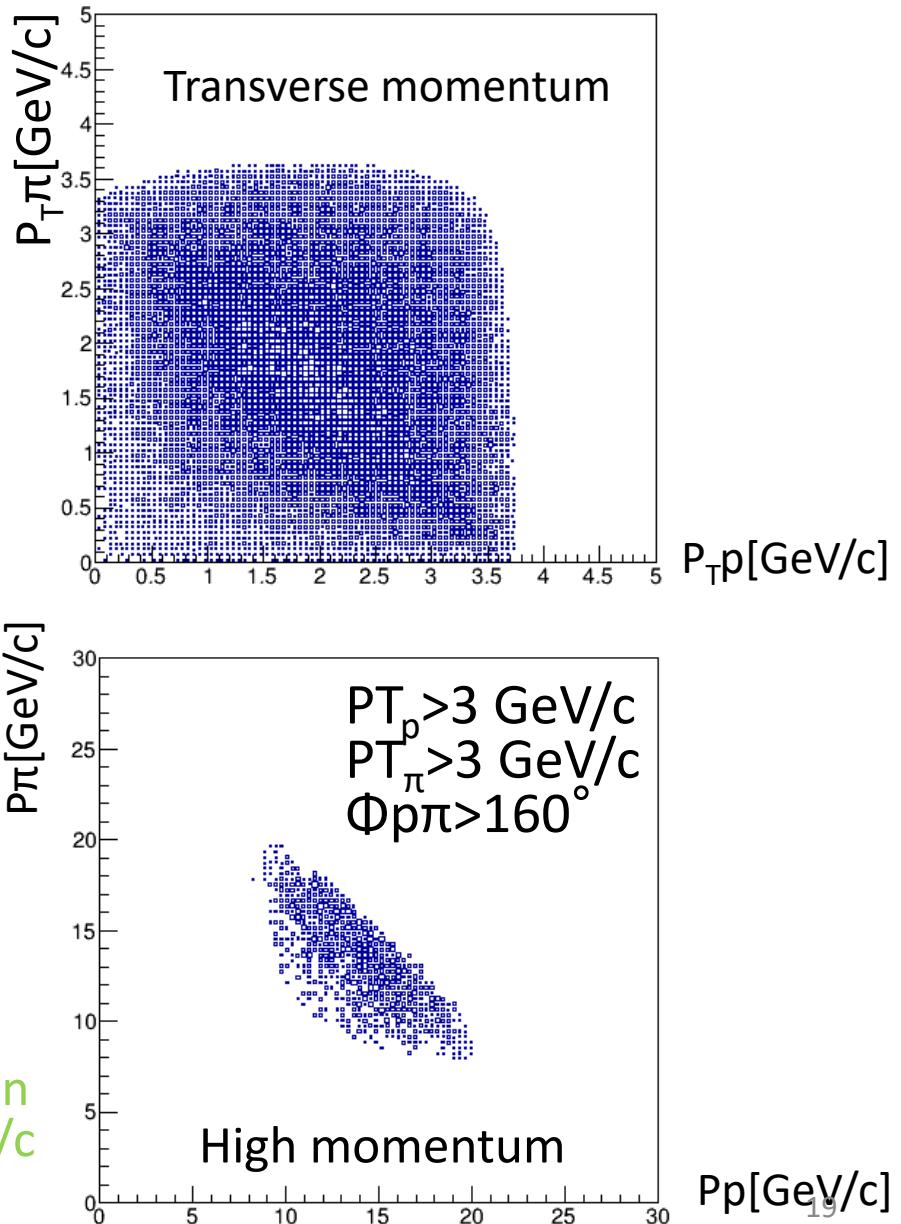


- $5 \mu\text{b}/\text{GeV}^4, 10^{10}/\text{spill}, 2 \text{ cm LH2, acc} \times \text{eff} = 5\% \Rightarrow 10^7/\text{day}/\text{GeV}^4$

Kinematics



p/ π separation
@ 10-20 GeV/c

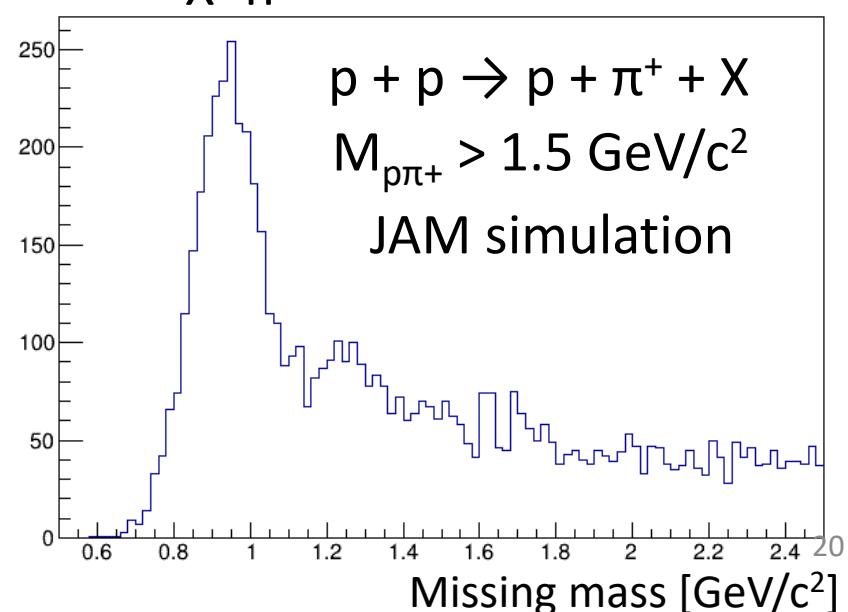
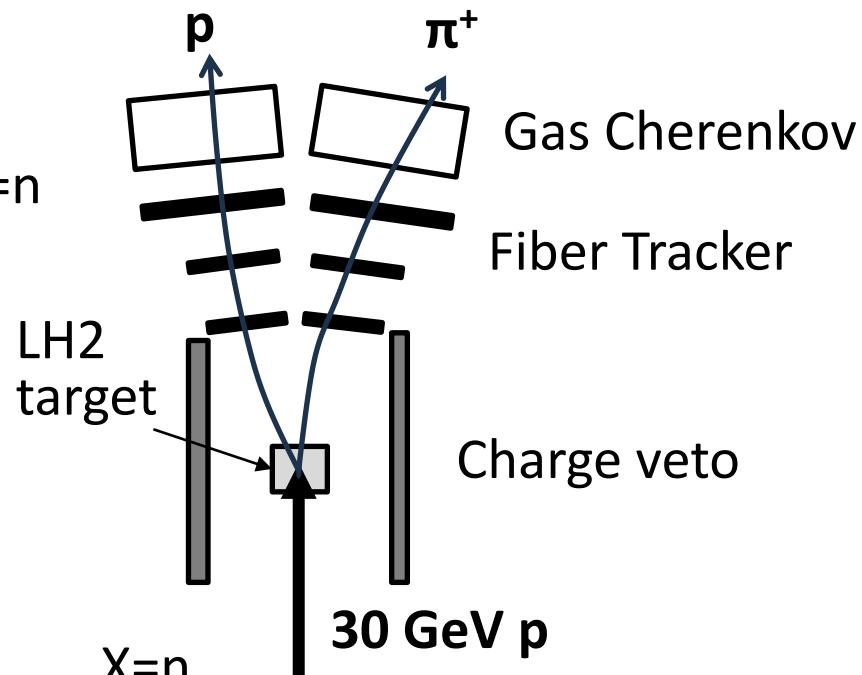


19



Possible setup

- Missing mass $p + p \rightarrow p + \pi^+ + X$
 - Missing mass resolution to identify $X=n$
 - p beam : momentum spread $\sim 0.05\% \Rightarrow$ no momentum measurement
 - E50 fiber tracker : 0.6% @ 15 GeV/c
- p/π separation
 - Gas Cherenkov
- Multiplicity cut
- Liquid hydrogen target
- FM magnet
- JAM simulation
 \Rightarrow Clear identification of $X=n$ peak



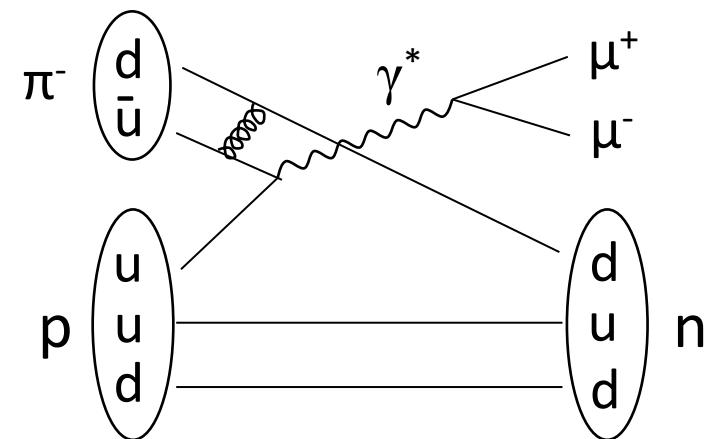
Exclusive Drell-Yan

Exclusive Drell-Yan

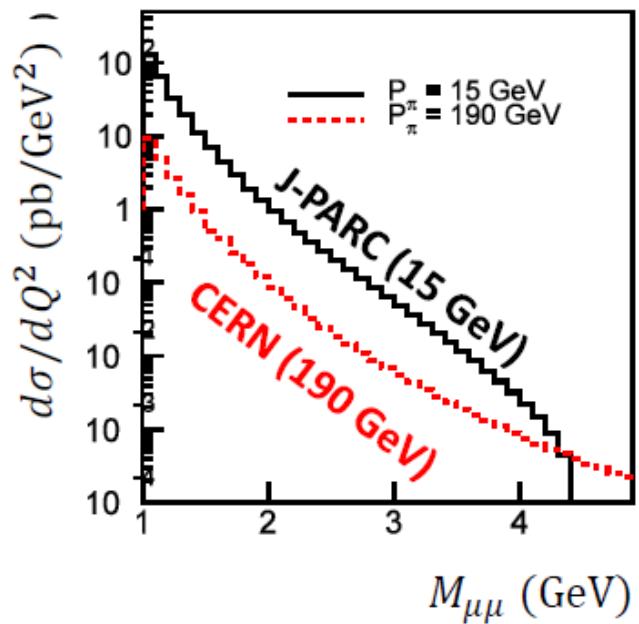
$$\pi^- + p \rightarrow \gamma^* + n \rightarrow \mu^+ + \mu^- + n$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_L}{dt dQ'^2} \Big|_{\tau} = \frac{4\pi\alpha_{\text{em}}^2}{27} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^8} f_\pi^2 \left[(1 - \xi^2) |\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\tilde{x}, \xi, t)|^2 \right. \\ \left. - 2\xi^2 \text{Re}(\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\tilde{x}, \xi, t)^* \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\tilde{x}, \xi, t)) - \xi^2 \frac{t}{4m_N^2} |\tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\tilde{x}, \xi, t)|^2 \right]$$

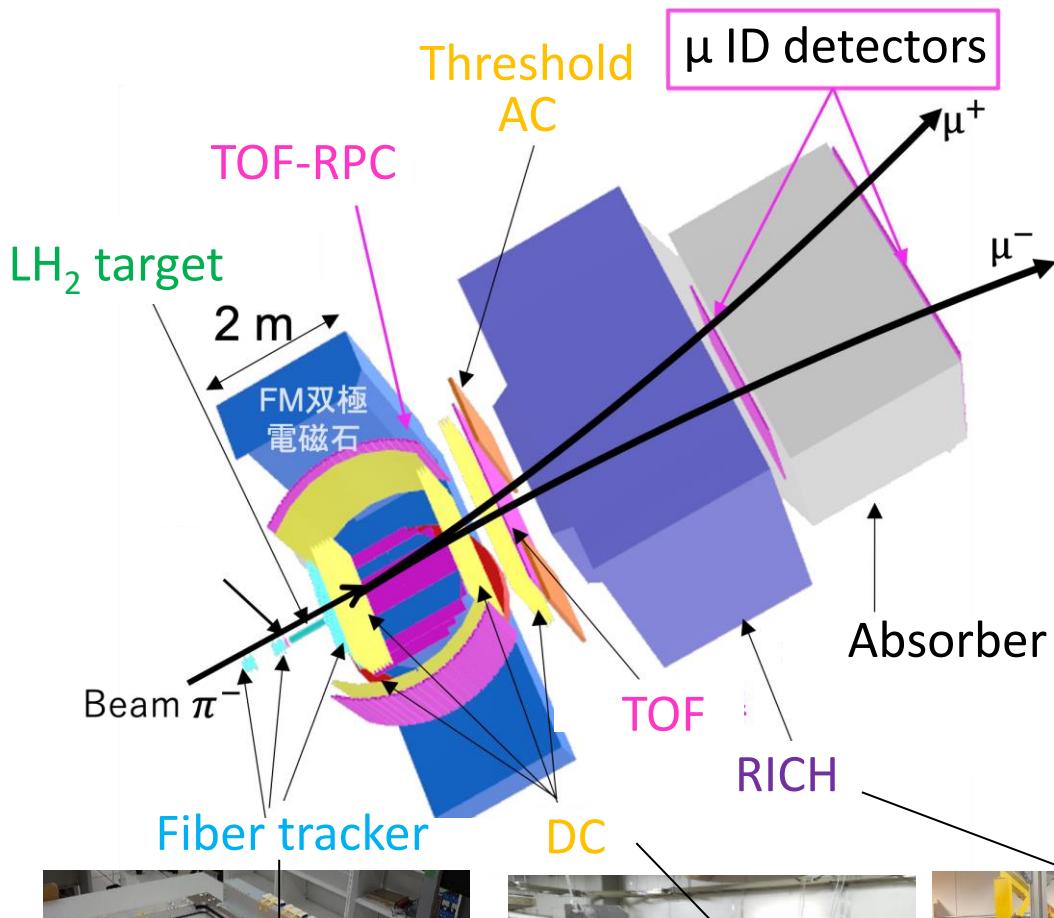
GPDs



- Larger cross section @ lower momentum
- Experimental feasibility study :
T. Sawada et al., PRD 93 (2016) 114034
- Lol submitted
- Proposal under preparation
(W.C. Chang, Po-Ju Lin, Po-Hung Wang
(Academia Sinica, Taiwan))

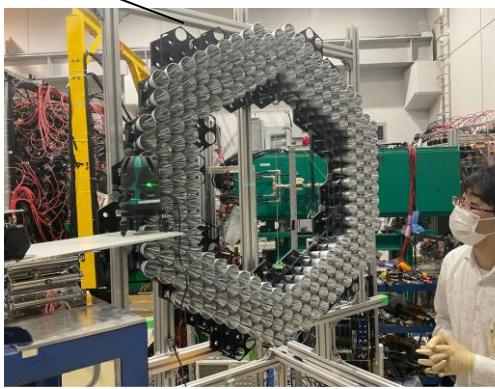
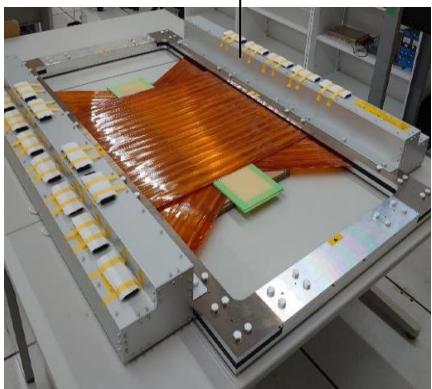


E50 Spectrometer for π 20 beamline



- Multi purpose
 - E50 (Charmed Baryon Spectroscopy)
 - E79, E97, etc...
- New generation
 - Streaming DAQ
 - SiPMs
 - PID @ <20 GeV/c
 - High rate (10^8 Hz beam)

Construction on-going



Exclusive Drell-Yan measurement

Exclusive Drell-Yan $\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- n$

Inclusive Drell-Yan $\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X$

Small cross section ($\sim pb$) \Leftrightarrow Large hadron background ($\sim mb$)

Usual DY experimental set up

(CERN)
(Fermilab)

High intensity
hadron beam

target

Multiple
scattering



Bad momentum resolution @ tracker

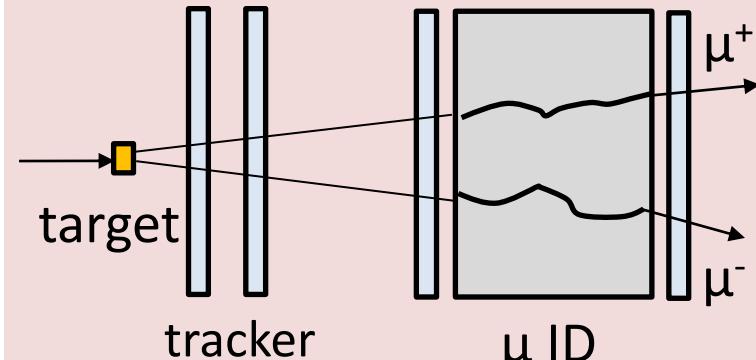


Bad missing mass resolution



Only inclusive measurement

Our setup



Momentum analysis @
upstream of absorber



Good missing mass resolution

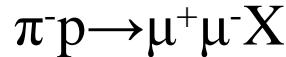


1st measurement of exclusive reaction

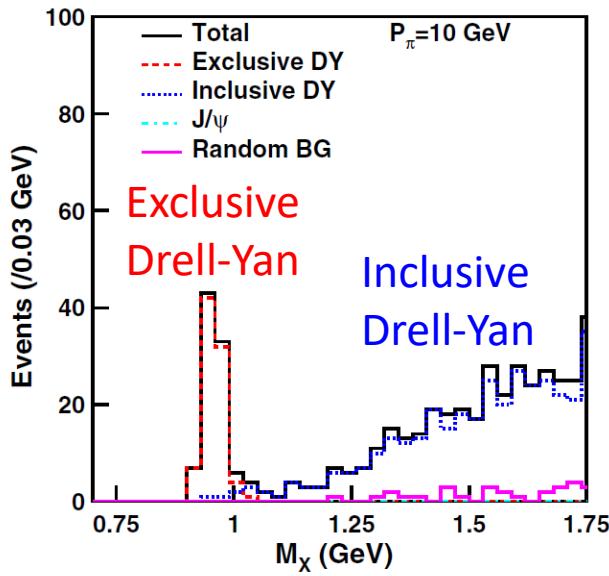
Exclusive Drell-Yan measurement

Expected Missing Mass Spectra (50 days)

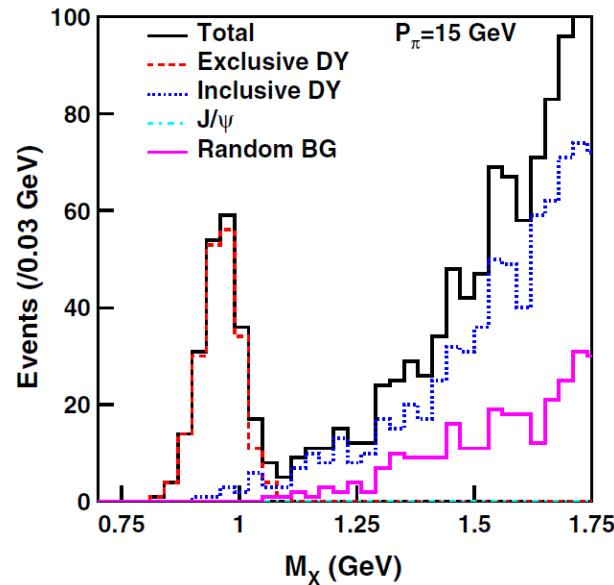
T. Sawada et al.,
PRD 93 (2016) 114034



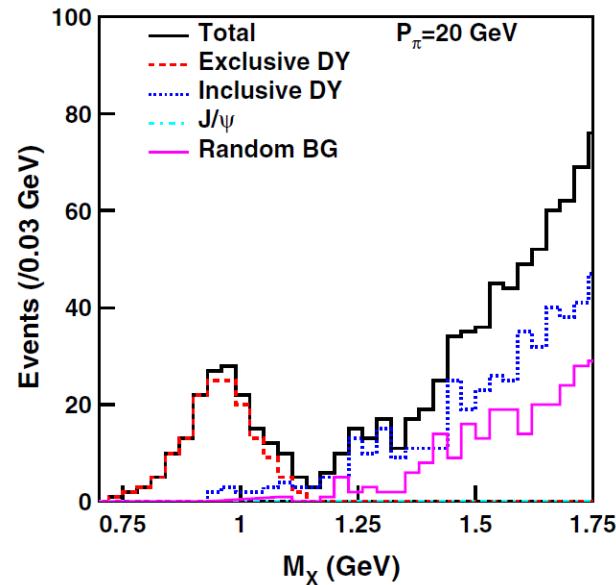
π^- beam 10 GeV/c



15 GeV/c



20 GeV/c



- Clear identification of exclusive Drell-Yan events
- MC simulation with the latest spectrometer setup and optimization of the absorber thickness is on-going
- Multiplicity cut can be applied additionally

Summary

- Study 3D nucleon structure @ J-PARC
- High momentum proton beam (30 GeV) is now available
- Secondary high momentum beam ($\pi/K/p < 20 \text{ GeV}/c$) will be available
- GPDs measurement with
 - 30 GeV proton beam
 - $p+p \rightarrow p+\pi+B (\mu\text{b})$
 - Negative secondary beam ($< 20 \text{ GeV}/c$)
 - Exclusive Drell-Yan (pb)
 - Unique and complemental kinematical coverage to other experiments